



THE UNIVERSITY OF
SYDNEY

AUSTRALIAN AGRONOMY
CONFERENCE

Adaptive agronomy for a resilient future.

21-24 October 2024 | Albany, Western Australia
agronomyconference.com



Variation in yield and grain protein components of two wheat genotypes grown under diverse environments

Speaker: Yunlong Bai

Authors: Yunlong Bai, Ali Khoddami, Charles Warren, Daniel K. Y. Tan



1 Introduction

Overview:

Impact of high temperatures on wheat yield and protein quality.

Importance of heat-tolerant varieties in diverse environmental conditions.

Objective:

Identify how sowing date and location affect yield and protein quality in two wheat genotypes



Slide 2

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022



2 Research Hypothesis

Hypothesis:

The late sowing date will impact the yield, protein content, and components of Sokoll more than Berkut, particularly in the hotter location of Merredin.



Slide 3

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022

3 Study Locations and Experimental Design

M2

Locations:

Horsham (VIC), Narrabri (NSW),
and Merredin (WA)

Sowing Dates (Time of Sowing, TOS):

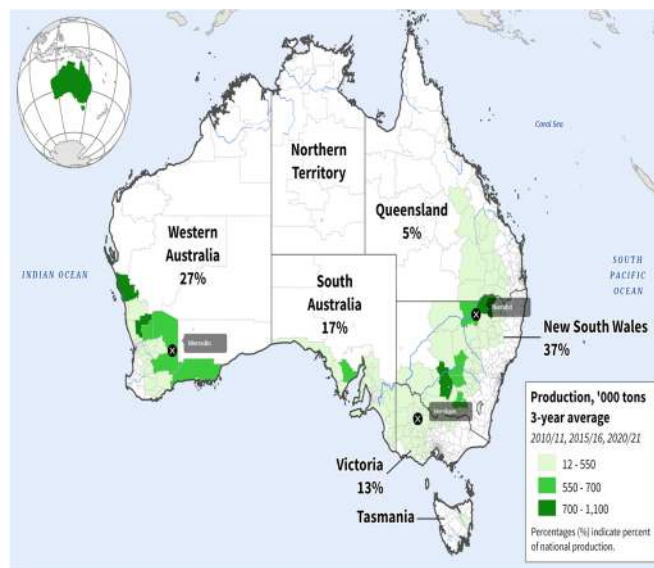
TOS1: May

TOS2: July

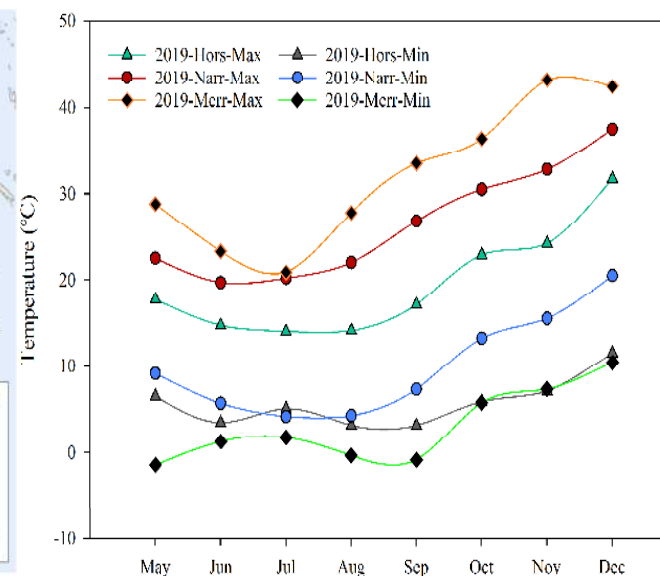
Wheat Genotypes:

Berkut (highly heat-tolerant)

Sokoll (moderately heat-tolerant)



Field locations for three sowing experiments



Temperatures and sowing times for Narrabri, Horsham and Merredin in 2019

Slide 4

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022



4 Methods

Experimental Setup:

Irrigation, soil management, and plant density.

Sampling dates for TOS1 and TOS2.

Protein Analysis:

Vario MACRO cube for crude protein.

BCA protein assay for protein fractions.

Statistical Analysis:

ANOVA and Tukey's HSD

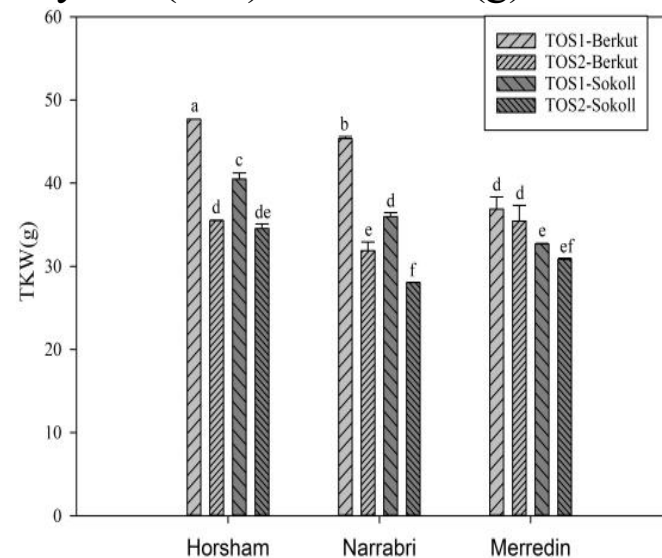
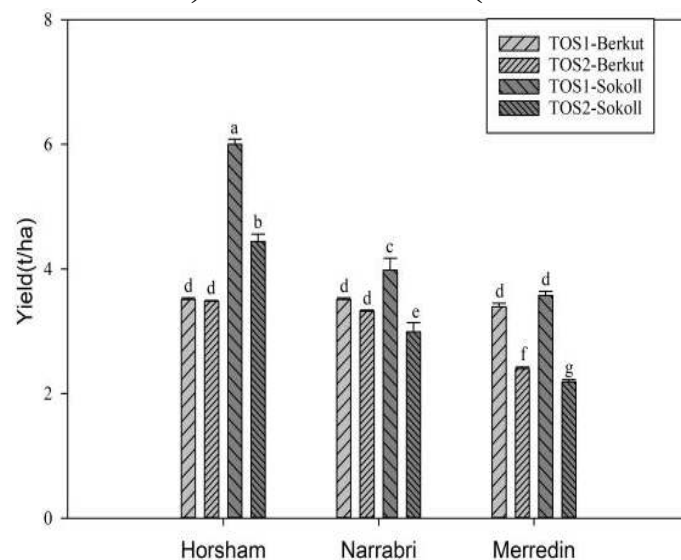
Slide 5

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022

5 Results – Yield and Thousand Kernel Weight (TKW)

Effect of locations (Horsham, Narrabri and Merredin), sowing dates (TOS1 and TOS2) and varieties (Berkut and Sokoll) on yield (t/ha) and TKW (g)



Yield: Sokoll had lower yields for TOS2 in all locations. Berkut showed a significant drop only in Merredin.

TKW: Berkut consistently higher across locations except at Horsham TOS2.

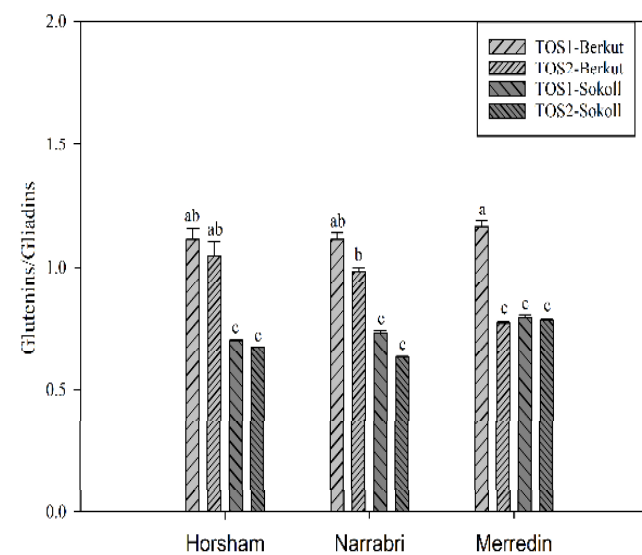
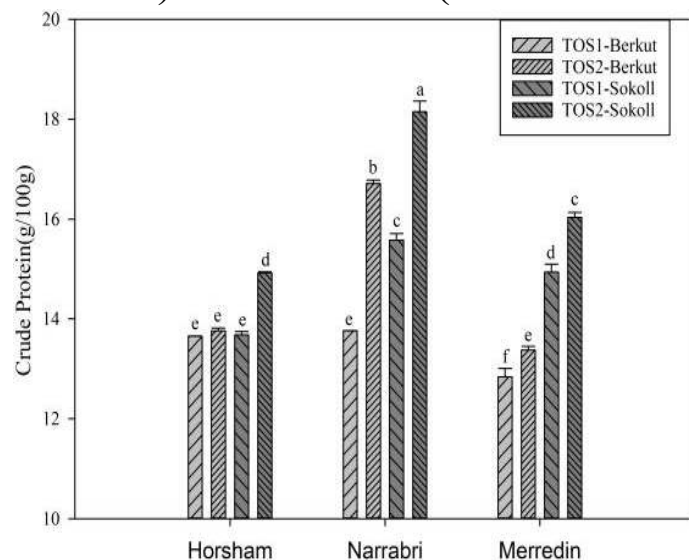
Slide 6

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022

5 Results – Crude Protein and Glutenins/Gliadins

Effect of locations (Horsham, Narrabri and Merredin), sowing dates (TOS1 and TOS2) and varieties (Berkut and Sokoll) on Crude Protein and Glutenins/Gliadins



Crude Protein: TOS2 had higher protein content, except for Berkut in Horsham.

Glutenins/Gliadins: Significant differences between TOS1 and TOS2, especially for Berkut in all locations.

Slide 7

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022



5 Results – Correlations Between Yield and Protein Component

The pairwise correlations between wheat yield and protein.

	Yield	TKW	Crude protein	Glutenins/gliadins
Yield	1			
TKW	0.6820 (0.0002)	1		
Crude protein	-0.5914 (0.0023)	-0.4001 (0.0487)	1	
Glutenins/gliadins	NS	-0.4551 (0.0255)	NS	1

Slide 8

M2

Mike, 30/05/2022



6 Discussion and Conclusion

M2

Discussion:

Heat tolerance of Berkut demonstrated by its stable yield in moderately warm conditions.

Late sowing reduced yield and quality, particularly for Sokoll.

Trade-offs between yield and protein quality under high temperature conditions.

Conclusion:

Berkut is more suitable for warm environments; Sokoll more affected by late sowing and high temperatures.



THE UNIVERSITY OF
SYDNEY

Thank you

Yunlong Bai

The University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Sydney Institute of Agriculture, School of Life and Environmental Sciences, Faculty of Science, Sydney, NSW 2006

yunlong.bai@sydney.edu.au